

Méthaville ANRS (Agency for Research on AIDS and Viral Hepatitis) - Cohort of Opioid-Dependent Subjects Starting Methadone Treatment

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General

Identification

Detailed name	Cohort of Opioid-Dependent Subjects Starting Methadone Treatment
Sign or acronym	Méthaville ANRS (Agency for Research on AIDS and Viral Hepatitis)
CNIL registration number, number and date of CPP agreement, AFSSAPS (French Health Products Safety Agency) authorisation	ANSM 2008- A0277-48. Eudract number 2008-001338-28, ClinicalTrials.gov identifier: NCT00657397 and International Standard Randomised Controlled Trial Number Register ISRCTN31125511.

General Aspects

Medical area	General practice
Pathology (details)	Opioid addiction
Health determinants	Addictions Medicine
Keywords	methadone, opioids, buprenorphine, cannabis and other illicit substances, treatment, addiction

Scientific investigator(s) (Contact)

Name of the director	Carrieri
Surname	Patrizia
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Unit	Communicable diseases; healthcare systems; companies (ESSEM)
Organization	SESSTIM
Name of the director	Morel

Surname	Alain
Address	Oppelia
Collaborations	
Funding	
Funding status	Public
Details	ANRS, Ministry of Health
Governance of the database	
Sponsor(s) or organisation(s) responsible	INSERM ANRS
Organisation status	Public
Presence of scientific or steering committees	Yes
Additional contact	
Main features	
Type of database	
Type of database	Study databases
Study databases (details)	Cohort study
Database recruitment is carried out by an intermediary	A selection of health care professionals A selection of health institutions and services
Database recruitment is made on the basis of:	Medication(s) taken
Database recruitment is carried out as part of an interventional study	Yes
Details	Performed at individual level
Additional information regarding sample selection.	221 opioid/opiate users wishing to enter a methadone programme were randomly divided into two groups: 155 began methadone treatment with a private general practitioner and 66 were treated in a specialised centre.
Database objective	

Main objective	To compare the non-inferiority of daily opioid use after one year of treatment (trial phase) in opiate-dependent patients that began methadone treatment through two different arms: private care versus specialised centres for substance dependence (CSAPA). After stabilising the prescribed methadone dose, patients may select the treatment location from the centres and investigators included in the study (2 initial arms may result in 4 possible groups). Secondary aims involve comparing the prevalence of HCV risk behaviours and treatment effectiveness among the groups during a 3-year follow-up in terms of: treatment adherence; prevalence of addictive behaviours; improvement in social insertion and quality of life; prevalence of psychiatric comorbidities; reduction in criminal acts; treatment satisfaction and cost effectiveness.
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Inclusion criteria	Opioid/opiate users wishing to enter a methadone programme.
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Population type

Age	Adulthood (19 to 24 years) Adulthood (25 to 44 years) Adulthood (45 to 64 years)
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Population covered	Sick population
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Gender	Male Woman
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Geography area	National
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Detail of the geography area	France
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Data collection

Dates

Date of first collection (YYYY or MM/YYYY)	2009
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Date of last collection (YYYY or MM/YYYY)	2012
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Size of the database

Size of the database (number of individuals)	< 500 individuals
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Details of the number of	221
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individuals

Data

Database activity Data collection completed

Type of data collected Clinical data
Declarative data

Clinical data (detail) Direct physical measures
Medical registration

Details of collected clinical data Health episodes; withdrawal symptoms; depressive episodes and suicide risk; pain

Declarative data (detail) Paper self-questionnaire
Face to face interview
Phone interview

Details of collected declarative data Sex; age; cannabis and drug use; history of drug use. Social factors: secondary school graduation certificate; children; living with partner; employment; housing; requiring food aid and history of incarceration.

Presence of a biobank No

Health parameters studied Health event/morbidity
Health care consumption and services
Quality of life/health perception
Others

Care consumption (detail) Medicines consumption

Quality of life/perceived health (detail) SF12, symptoms experienced.

Other (detail) Psychoactive substance use; alcohol; criminal acts; doctor-patient relationship; psychiatric comorbidities and infections

Procedures

Data collection method By participating physicians (private and CSAPA)

Participant monitoring Yes

Monitoring procedures Monitoring by contact with the participant (mail, e-mail, telephone etc.)
Monitoring by contact with the referring doctor

Details on monitoring of participants 1-month follow-up with visits at 3, 6 and 12 months

Links to administrative sources No

Promotion and access

Promotion

Link to the document [http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=%28Methadone+Maintenance+Treatment+AND+opioid-dependent+AND++Carrieri+MP+\[Author\]%29+OR+M%C3%A9thaville](http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=%28Methadone+Maintenance+Treatment+AND+opioid-dependent+AND++Carrieri+MP+[Author]%29+OR+M%C3%A9thaville)

Link to the document [methaville.docx](#)

Access

Terms of data access (charter for data provision, format of data, availability delay) No access.

Access to aggregated data Access not yet planned

Access to individual data No access