

SMP: first-time incarceration survey - Cohort of Detained Individuals: Mental Health Study

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General	
Identification	
Detailed name	Cohort of Detained Individuals: Mental Health Study
Sign or acronym	SMP: first-time incarceration survey
General Aspects	
Medical area	Psychology and psychiatry
Keywords	first-time offenders, mental health, prison, prevalence
Scientific investigator(s) (Contact)	
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Unit	INSERM U669
Organization	INSTITUT NATIONAL DE LA SANTE ET DE LA RECHERCHE MEDICALE
Collaborations	
Participation in projects, networks and consortia	Yes
Details	CEMKA Eval
Funding	
Funding status	Public

Details	Directorate General for Health (DGS); Prison Administration Directorate (DAP)
Governance of the database	
Sponsor(s) or organisation(s) responsible	Direction générale de la Santé (DGS)
Organisation status	Public
Sponsor(s) or organisation(s) responsible	Direction de l'Administration Pénitentiaire (DAP)
Organisation status	Public
Additional contact	
Main features	
Type of database	
Type of database	Study databases
Study databases (details)	Cohort study
Database recruitment is carried out by an intermediary	An administrative base or a register
Base or register (detail)	Incarceration register.
Database recruitment is carried out as part of an interventional study	No
Additional information regarding sample selection.	The institutions included in the study are selected from a sampling strategy according to the institution type and size (maison centrale [long-term detention facility]; centre de détention [intermediate detention facility]; maison d'arrêt [short-term detention facility]), while also specifying the number of interviews per institution. The survey is offered to all first-time offenders by the reception staff upon entering the facility; the interview is then scheduled the following week if accepted.
Database objective	
Main objective	Detailed description of this specific prison population and comparison with prevalent prison population (sub-sample of cross-sectional maisons d'arrêt survey); outcome of disorders at 1 month and qualitative analysis at 9 months. (Initial aim: to determine specific factors for mental

health deterioration in the short term. Aim is not achievable given the small number of individuals still present at the institution 9 months after their arrival).

Inclusion criteria	Individuals randomly drawn from available records at the Fresnes National Observation Centre and the diagnosis contained.
Population type	
Age	Adulthood (19 to 24 years) Adulthood (25 to 44 years) Adulthood (45 to 64 years)
Population covered	Sick population
Gender	Male
Geography area	National
Detail of the geography area	4 metropolitan maisons d'arrêt (Fleury-Mérogis, Les Baumettes, maisons d'arrêt in Lyon and Loos-les-Lille)
Data collection	
Dates	
Date of first collection (YYYY or MM/YYYY)	12/2003
Date of last collection (YYYY or MM/YYYY)	08/2005
Size of the database	
Size of the database (number of individuals)	< 500 individuals
Details of the number of individuals	300
Data	
Database activity	Data collection completed
Type of data collected	Clinical data Declarative data
Clinical data (detail)	Medical registration

Details of collected clinical data	Psychological tests (MINI); personality assessment (by TCI hetero-applied version); abstract assessment (similar to WAIS); severity of disorder (by CGI - Clinical Global Impression scale).
Declarative data (detail)	Face to face interview
Details of collected declarative data	Sociodemographic, personal and family history of the individual.
Presence of a biobank	No
Health parameters studied	Health event/morbidity
Procedures	
Data collection method	Two clinicians (a psychiatrist and clinical psychologist) interviewed the individuals together. The psychologist conducted a structured interview in line with MINI (Mini International Neuropsychiatric Interview) guidelines. The psychiatrist then carried out an open interview with the prisoner (personal, family and legal history prior to incarceration). Each clinician independently gave one (or several) diagnosis/diagnoses (MINI- and clinically-generated); finally they met and concluded with a consensus list of one (or several) diagnosis/diagnoses. They also separately and then together assessed the severity of the individual's condition (CGI severity scale) and his history.
Participant monitoring	Yes
Monitoring procedures	Monitoring by contact with the referring doctor
Details on monitoring of participants	Follow-up for 1 year after incarceration.
Links to administrative sources	Yes
Linked administrative sources (detail)	Prison number
Promotion and access	
Promotion	
Link to the document	http://www.justice.gouv.fr/art_pix/rapport_detenus_MS_2004pdf.pdf
Access	
Terms of data access (charter	Report accessible to all: Study by the Ministry of

for data provision, format of data, availability delay)	Health (Directorate General for Health) and the Ministry of Justice (Prison Administration Directorate). December 2004.
Access to aggregated data	Access on specific project only
Access to individual data	Access on specific project only