

# METADAP - Do Antidepressants Induce Metabolic Syndromes?

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## General

### Identification

Detailed name Do Antidepressants Induce Metabolic Syndromes?

Sign or acronym METADAP

CNIL registration number, number and date of CPP agreement, AFSSAPS (French Health Products Safety Agency) authorisation CNIL

### General Aspects

Medical area Endocrinology and metabolism

Health determinants Intoxication

Others (details) Metabolic syndromes

Keywords criteria, definition, Health episodes, pharmacology, side effects

### Scientific investigator(s) (Contact)

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Organization INSERM - Institut National de la Santé et de la Recherche

### Collaborations

## Funding

Funding status Public

Details Ministère de la Santé (PHRC NATIONAL)

## Governance of the database

Sponsor(s) or organisation(s) responsible AP-HP

Organisation status Public

## Additional contact

## Main features

### Type of database

Type of database Study databases

Study databases (details) Cohort study

Database recruitment is carried out by an intermediary A selection of health institutions and services

Database recruitment is carried out as part of an interventional study No

Additional information regarding sample selection. Prospective Inclusion cut-off date: 01/11/2011

## Database objective

Main objective General objective: to assess the impact of antidepressants in terms metabolic syndromes. Secondary objective: to identify clinical, genetic and biological predictive factors concerning the onset of metabolic syndromes.

Inclusion criteria Depressed patients requiring antidepressant treatment

## Population type

Age Adulthood (19 to 24 years)  
Adulthood (25 to 44 years)  
Adulthood (45 to 64 years)

Population covered Sick population

Gender	Male Woman
Geography area	National
Detail of the geography area	Multicentric cohort throughout France (6 centres): 3 centres in the Paris region and 3 in the province.
<b>Data collection</b>	
<b>Dates</b>	
Date of first collection (YYYY or MM/YYYY)	11/2007
<b>Size of the database</b>	
Size of the database (number of individuals)	< 500 individuals
Details of the number of individuals	248
<b>Data</b>	
Database activity	Data collection completed
Type of data collected	Clinical data Declarative data Biological data
Clinical data (detail)	Direct physical measures Medical registration
Declarative data (detail)	Paper self-questionnaire
Biological data (detail)	Type of samples taken: glucose level, cholesterol level, triglyceride level
Presence of a biobank	Yes
Contents of biobank	Serum Plasma DNA
Details of biobank content	Serum bank, plasma bank, DNA bank
Health parameters studied	Health event/morbidity Health event/mortality
<b>Procedures</b>	

Data collection method	Self-administered questionnaire: direct input Interview: direct input Clinical examinations: direct input Biological analysis: direct input
Participant monitoring	Yes
Details on monitoring of participants	Follow-up duration: 6 months
Links to administrative sources	No
<b>Promotion and access</b>	
<b>Promotion</b>	
Link to the document	<a href="http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18707937">http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18707937</a>
<b>Access</b>	
Terms of data access (charter for data provision, format of data, availability delay)	To be decided if data may be used by academic teams To be decided if data may be used by industrial teams
Access to aggregated data	Access on specific project only
Access to individual data	Access on specific project only