

IRM-COMA - Development of Multimodal Resonance Imaging for Outcome Prediction in Coma Patients

Head :Puybasset Louis

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General

Identification

Detailed name Development of Multimodal Resonance Imaging for Outcome Prediction in Coma Patients

Sign or acronym IRM-COMA

CNIL registration number, number and date of CPP agreement, AFSSAPS (French Health Products Safety Agency) authorisation --

General Aspects

Medical area Radiology and medical imaging

Keywords Coma

Scientific investigator(s) (Contact)

Name of the director Puybasset

Surname Louis

Phone +33 (0)1 42 16 33 85

Email louis.puybasset@psl.aphp.fr

Collaborations

Funding

Funding status Public

Details ASSISTANCE PUBLIQUE - HÔPITAUX DE PARIS

Governance of the database

Sponsor(s) or organisation(s) responsible APHP

Organisation status	Public
Additional contact	
Main features	
Type of database	
Type of database	Study databases
Study databases (details)	Cohort study
Database recruitment is carried out by an intermediary	A selection of health institutions and services
Database recruitment is carried out as part of an interventional study	Yes
Details	Performed at individual level
Additional information regarding sample selection.	Prospective Inclusion cut-off date: 01/11/2010
Database objective	
Main objective	To develop a composite score able to predict the awakening of coma patients following a severe cranial trauma. This composite score will be built from the results of the multimodal MRI (quantified indicator) in combination with clinical covariables e.g. age of the patient, the mechanism of the accident (high versus low speed), initial Glasgow score, clinical examination data at time of MRI and comorbidities. The composite score will aim to predict the outcome of patients at 1 year, evaluated by one of the following three categories: favourable outcome (GOS 3+, 4, and 5) and unfavourable outcome (GOS 1, 2, and 3-). The GOS 3- score has been defined as severe disability with minimally conscious state and GOS 3+ score as severe disability excluding cognitive sequelae. - To evaluate the relevance of the composite score to predict the clinical outcome at 1 year assessed by the Rankin score, GOS and the disability rating scale (DRS). - To analyse intra and inter-observer reproducibility study of the analysis of the various sequences.
Inclusion criteria	1, Adults covered by a social security scheme. 2. Hospitalised in intensive care and requiring artificial ventilation following a severe cranial trauma, an ischaemic or haemorrhagic cerebrovascular accident or a cerebral anoxia. 3. Not answering

simple orders at least 7 days after ictus. 4. Receiving an amount of sedatives and not being able to explain the coma. 5. Having a standardised intracranial pressure (≤ 15 mm Hg) and in absence of severe haemodynamic or respiratory failure so that the MRI does not represent any additional danger. - severe haemodynamic failure is defined as a circulatory condition requiring administration of high-dose catecholamines (noradrenaline > 3 mg/h and/or dobutamine > 10 μ g/kg/min); - Severe respiratory failure is defined as the use of $FiO_2 > 60\%$ combined with positive expiratory pressure > 10 cm H₂O.

Population type

Age
 Adulthood (19 to 24 years)
 Adulthood (25 to 44 years)
 Adulthood (45 to 64 years)

Population covered
 Sick population

Gender
 Male
 Woman

Geography area
 International

Detail of the geography area
 France, Belgium, Switzerland, Lyon, Lille, Paris, Nancy, Marseille, Montpellier, Grenoble, Rouen, Bordeaux, Liège and Geneva.

Data collection

Dates

Date of first collection (YYYY or MM/YYYY)
 10/2006

Date of last collection (YYYY or MM/YYYY)
 11/2011

Size of the database

Size of the database (number of individuals)
 < 500 individuals

Details of the number of individuals
 - 250: traumatisés crâniens - 150: autres causes de coma (accident vasculaire cérébral ischémique ou hémorragique)

Data

Database activity
 Current data collection

Type of data collected	Declarative data Paraclinical data
Declarative data (detail)	Phone interview
Paraclinical data (detail)	Imaging
Presence of a biobank	No
Health parameters studied	Health event/morbidity Health event/mortality

Procedures

Data collection method	Interview: direct input
Participant monitoring	Yes
Details on monitoring of participants	Duration: 1 year
Links to administrative sources	No

Promotion and access

Promotion

Link to the document	http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23135261
Link to the document	http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/24471392
Link to the document	http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22363051
Link to the document	http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22366842

Access

Terms of data access (charter for data provision, format of data, availability delay)	To be decided if data may be used by academic teams Data may not be used by industrial teams
Access to aggregated data	Access on specific project only
Access to individual data	Access on specific project only