ENEIS - National survey on serious adverse events in hospitals

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Général

Identification

Nom détaillé	National survey on serious adverse events in hospitals
Sigle ou acronyme	ENEIS
Numéro d'enregistrement (ID-RCB ou EUDRACT, CNIL, CPP, etc.)	Cnil : 1328615 ; CNIS : label n°2009X706SA Thématiques générales

Thématiques générales

Domaine médical	Study of allergies
Déterminants de santé	Iatrogenic Medicine
Mots-clés	serious adverse events, patient safety

Responsable(s) scientifique(s)

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Collaborations

Financements

Financements	Public
Précisions	Ministère de la santé - DREES

Gouvernance de la base de

données	
Organisation(s) responsable(s) ou promoteur	Direction de la recherche, des études, de l'évaluation et des statistiques (DREES)
Statut de l'organisation	Secteur Public
Contact(s) supplémentaire(s)	
Caractéristiques	
Type de base de données	
Type de base de données	Study databases
Base de données issues d'enquêtes, précisions	Repeated cross-sectional studies (except case control studies)
Origine du recrutement des participants	A selection of health institutions and services
Le recrutement dans la base de données s'effectue dans le cadre d'une étude interventionnelle	No
Informations complémentaires concernant la constitution de l'échantillon	Sampling plan: Three-tier sampling 1st tier: picking of observation dates (window of observation) 2nd tier: picking of beds 3nd tier: picking of stays or fractions of stays observed over the period of observation.
Objectif de la base de données	
Objectif principal	The survey's primary objective is to estimate the incidence of serious adverse events observed in hospitals and their avoidable character - for events resulting from admission in medicine and surgery units of health institutions or arising in such units during hospitalization. The secondary objectives are: 1) estimate the severity and avoidable portion of such events; 2) describe the immediate care-related causes of such events arising.
Critères d'inclusion	All patient stays present during the survey in shortstay medicine and surgery units
Type de population	
Age	Newborns (birth to 28 days) Infant (28 days to 2 years)

	Early childhood (2 to 5 years) Childhood (6 to 13 years) Adolescence (13 to 18 years) Adulthood (19 to 24 years) Adulthood (25 to 44 years) Adulthood (45 to 64 years) Elderly (65 to 79 years) Great age (80 years and more)
Population concernée	Sick population
Sexe	Male Woman
Champ géographique	National
Détail du champ géographique	Metropolitan France

Collecte

Dates

Année du premier recueil	2004
Année du dernier recueil	2009

Taille de la base de données

Taille de la base de données (en nombre d'individus)	[1000-10 000[individuals
Détail du nombre d'individus	The purpose is to compile a minimum sample of 800 stays or fractions of stays in each of the analytical areas defined below. The analysis is conducted according to two main criteria: 1) the type of care unit: surgery or medicine 2) the type of care institution: regional or university teaching hospitals (CHU/CHR), other public and private not-for-profit institutions, private profitmaking institutions. This makes six analytical strata. In total, around 8,000 stays make up the sample. The sample allows for national estimations to be made.

Données

Activité de la base	Data collection completed
Type de données recueillies	Clinical data Administrative data
Données cliniques, précisions	Direct physical measures
Données administratives,	admission date, discharge date, age

précisions	
Existence d'une biothèque	No
Paramètres de santé étudiés	Health event/morbidity Health event/mortality
Modalités	
Mode de recueil des données	External survey takers to the health institution collected the data over two stages During one week, an investigating nurse comes every two or three days to detect patients likely to present an adverse event from a grid of 17 detection criteria. This detection is carried out with the care manager and on the basis of the patient's record. One or two weeks afterwards, an investigating physician comes to the unit to confirm or invalidate the presence of an adverse event for the patients detected. Moreover, this physician assesses the avoidable character of the events that have occurred during hospitalization. To do this, s/he meets the patient's attending physician, with whom s/he also consults the patient's record.
Suivi des participants	No
Appariement avec des sources administratives	No
Valorisation et accès	
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Lien vers le document	http://www.drees.sante.gouv.fr/l-enquete-nationale-sur-les-evenements-indesirables-lies,6507.html
Accès	
Charte d'accès aux données (convention de mise à disposition, format de données et délais de mise à disposition)	The anonymized database can be made available to researchers subject to a justified request (examination by a scientific committee). The participating institutions are given feedback concerning them in December of the collection year.
Accès aux données agrégées	Access on specific project only
Accès aux données individuelles	Access on specific project only